

River Street Metal Finishing Filters Acid to Reduce Chemical Use

RIVER STREET METAL FINISHING,INC.

ANODIZE ♦ CHROMATE ♦ HARDCOAT

Precision Finishing of Aluminum Products

SUMMARY

With the help of a grant and technical support from TURI, River Street Metal Finishing reduced its use of sulfuric acid by 300 to 450 gallons, which allowed for waste reduction of 1,000 to 1,500 per year. The smalll business is saving \$4,555 per year on material and disposal costs, all while improving worker safety.

iver Street Metal Finishing, Inc., located in Braintree, Massachusetts, has been anodizing aluminum parts for the electronics, medical, military and defense, automotive and marine, firearms, and aerospace industries since 1991.

River Street currently occupies 7,500 square feet and employs nine people. The company is accredited by NADCAP (the National Aerospace and Defense Contractors Accreditation Program), which allows the facility to perform work for the aerospace and defense industry.

The facility currently uses three anodizing process tanks. Anodizing is an electrochemical process which uses sulfuric acid at a required concentration of ten percent to give a decorative, durable, corrosion-resistant finish to a metal surface. To create the finish, the aluminum parts are immersed in a sulfuric acid bath and an electric current is passed through the bath. In the process, trace amounts of aluminum are dissolved from the metal's surface.

Because of the dissolved aluminum in the sulfuric acid, the facility would periodically dump a portion of the sulfuric acid and add virgin acid to the tanks to maintain a range of 5 to 20 grams of aluminum per liter of acid. These acid dumps would take place two to three times per year, depending on production, totaling 300 to 450 gallons per year.

Hazards of Sulfuric Acid

Sulfuric acid is a colorless, oily, odorless, corrosive liquid. According to the Chemical Hazard and Alternatives Toolbox (ChemHAT), the most significant concerns about the use of the acid is that it can result in chronic health issues, such as asthma and cancer. Sulfuric acid is irritating to the nose, throat and lungs and can severely irritate and burn the skin and eyes, sometimes leading to blindness.

The use of sulfuric acid requires the use of personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, eye protection, boots, and aprons. PPE is needed every time sulfuric acid is handled through a tank dump or replenishment.

Filtration Reduces Use

To help create a safer workplace and to reduce chemical use and waste generated, River Street was interested in finding a filtration system that would work with their three tanks and facility layout.

A local vendor, Mech-Chem Associates, Inc., helped River Street identify the proper equipment for the facility's needs. River Street chose an AP-15 acid recycling system, which uses diffusion dialysis to filter the acid. An anion exchange membrane attracts acid molecules and repels metal molecules, producing a waste solution that is acid-depleted but contains most of the dissolved metals. Normal acid recovery is 80% to 90% with removal of 70% to 90% of the dissolved metals. The AP-15 unit has a capacity of up to 15 gallons per day.

The Mech-Chem AP-15 system can be used with all three of River Street's anodizing tanks; each tank can be connected to the filtration system, and shutoff valves allow one tank to be filtered at a time. The system filters out the dissolved aluminum so that the sulfuric acid is used for a longer period of time. As a result, River Street significantly reduced its use of sulfuric acid.

Sulfuric acid usage before and after new filtration system

| Purpose | Before filtration system (gal/yr) | After filtration system (gal/yr) | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Replenish tank dumps | 300-450 | 0 | |
| Replenish process depletion | 220 | 220 | |
| Total usage | 520-670 | 220 | |
| Total use reduction | 300-450 gallons per year | | |



The Mech-Chem AP-15 system used by River Street to filter sulfuric acid

Financial Analysis

By installing an acid filtration system on their three anodizing tanks, River Street Metal Finishing reduced costs for raw material purchasing as well as waste disposal. Not included in the financial analysis below is savings on reduced use of PPE and reduced worker exposure and related health issues.

The capital cost of the filtration system was \$24,800. At an average savings of \$4,555 per year, River Street would have recouped its investment in just over five years. However, the company received a TURI small business grant for \$20,000, so it saw savings within the first year.

Results

By installing an acid filtration system on their three anodizing tanks, River Street Metal finishing has been able to maintain a more consistent quality of its acid bath, reduce its use of sulfuric acid by 300 to 450 gallons per year, reduce its waste generation by 1,000 to 1,500 gallons per year, save an average of \$4,555 per year on material and disposal costs, and improve worker safety.

Materials and disposal costs and savings before and after new filtration system

| Cost type | Before filtration system (per year) | After filtration system (per year) | Annual savings | |
|------------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|
| Sulfuric acid purchase | 9 to 12 drums @ \$180 per 55-gallon drum = \$1,620–\$2,160 | 4 drums @ \$180 per 55-gallon drum = \$720 | \$900-\$1,440 | |
| Waste disposal | 4 to 6 shipments @ \$767 per 250-gallon tote = \$3,068–\$4,602 | 1 tote at most = \$767 | \$2,301-\$3,835 | |
| Total savings | \$3,835-\$5,275 per year (average savings of \$4,555 annually) | | | |



The Toxics Use Reduction Institute (TURI) at UMass Lowell provides the resources and tools to help Massachusetts companies and communities make the Commonwealth a safer place to live and work. Established by the state's Toxics Use Reduction Act of 1989, TURI provides research, training, technical support, laboratory services and grant programs to reduce the use of toxic chemicals while enhancing the economic competitiveness of Massachusetts businesses. Learn more at http://www.turi.org or contact info@turi.org, 978-934-3275.